

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Central Baffin Island Study Area

GENERAL REFERENCES

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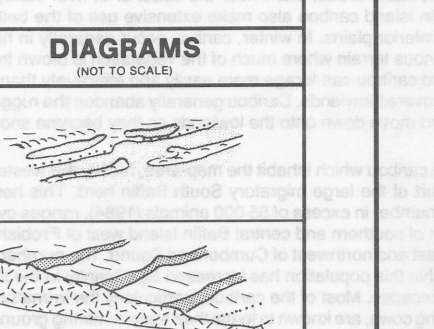
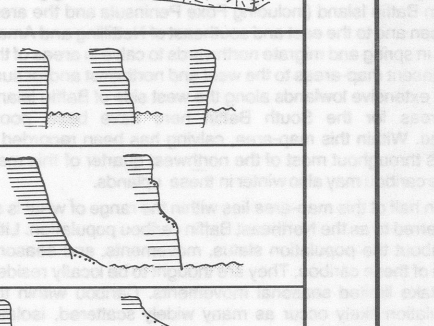
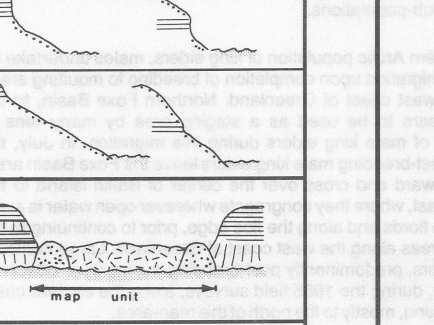
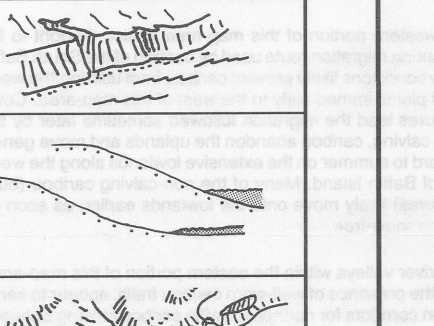
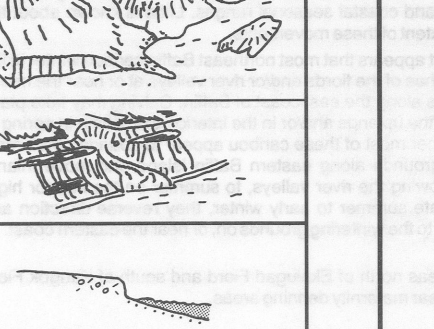
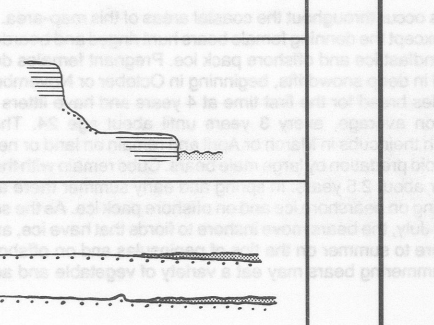
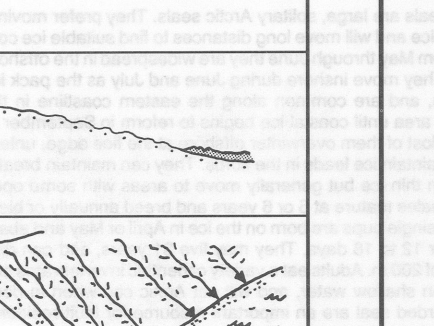
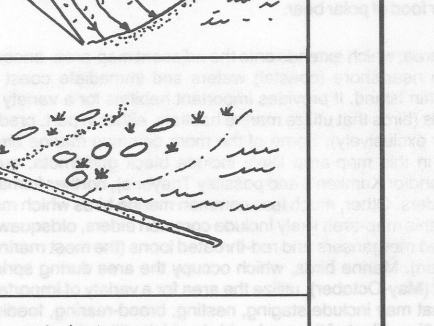
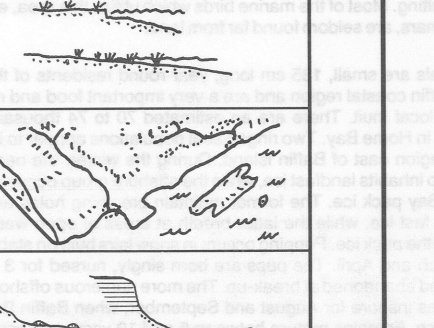
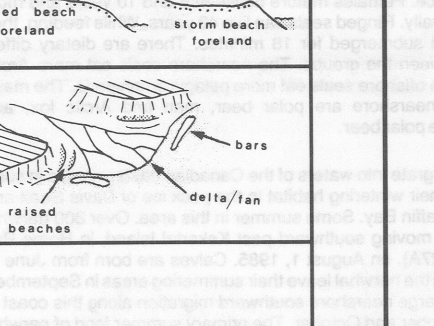
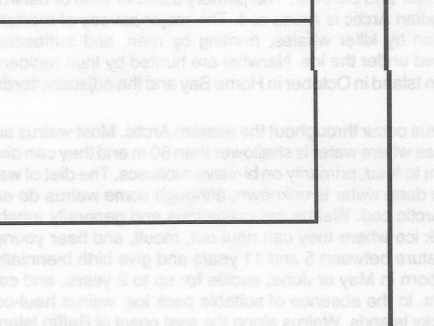
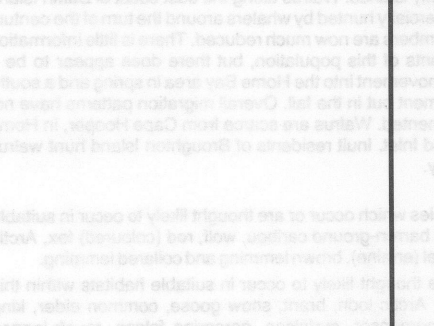
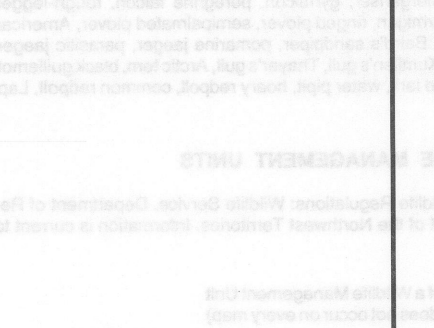
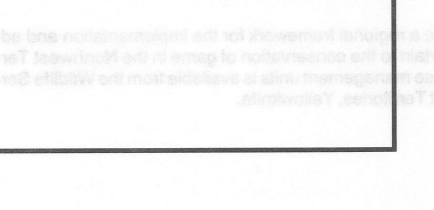
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CLASS AND DESCRIPTION

CODE	CLASS AND DESCRIPTION	DIAGRAMS
Bc	CUTWORTHY BEACH COMPLEX - High energy depositional environment, which are usually extensive. Spits, barrier lagoons, ridges and storm beaches all common, as are gravel forelands and raised beaches inland. Coarse sands and gravels are typical materials.	
B	RAISED BEACH SPOONING - Series of beach ridges occurring on slopes steeper than 5° to 10° extending up to 2 km inland. Surface material is generally coarse. The cliff face is usually very abrupt. Ubbiquitous. Wider beaches are classed as Bc, and strandlines in general level plains are classed as Pg.	
Bc	CLIFFS WITH LESS THAN 1/3 COVERED BY BLOCKY, RUBBY COLLUVIUM. CLIFFS WITH LESS THAN 1/3 COVERED BY BLOCKY, RUBBY COLLUVIUM. As class Cc, but with more extensive colluvium.	
Bc	CLIFFS WITH MORE THAN TWO-THIRDS TALL. As class Cc, but mostly talus covered. As talus attains complete cover, this class grades into Cc.	
Bc	GLACIERS - glacier ice which reaches the sea and results in raised beaches. The cliff face is usually very abrupt. Ubbiquitous. Wider beaches are classed as Bc, and strandlines in general level plains are classed as Pg.	
Bc	SLOPES - SLOPING HILLS. Steep slopes over 10% of unconsolidated materials resulting from talus resulting from past or present erosion at the base. Gullies and a narrow beach to the seaward.	
Bc	COLLUVIAL HILLSLOPE. Smooth sloping colluvium, typically undergirding sheet wash or solifluction extending to narrow gravel beaches. This class occurs mostly in sheltered waters; exposure to rough weather conditions; storm waves, which may be expected to create beach or foreland conditions. This class grades into Cc with increasing slope.	
Bc	ROCK HILLS. Mostly bedrock controlled slopes over 5-10° which extend from the lowlands. This class is typically associated with pocket beaches and conditions of precipitous rock slopes are common. Stretches of narrow, coarse textured beaches may extend along the shoreline. Islands and reefs are common offshore.	
Bc	SLOPES. Steep over 10% of high slopes of unconsolidated, or weakly consolidated materials, which display rotational or planar slumping. Rotational slumps are common. This class grades into Cc with increasing slope.	
Bc	ERODED PLAINS - CUTBACKS. Coastal plains of unconsolidated, cohesive materials such as clay, silt or lacustrine sediments which are eroded at the shoreline to produce low bluff backbeaches and typically narrow beaches. Similar coasts in bedrock are classified as Cc.	
Bc	ROCK PLAINS WITH LOW CLIFFS. These normally occur as low rock forelands in front of rocky hills or high cliffs with talus. These rock forelands range in width from 10's of metres to 1-2 km and are typically found near rocky hills. Near vertical cliffs at the seaward end are common. Beaches of any kind are rare.	
Bc	FLUVIAL PLAINS - SANDPLATS - Extensive deposits (up to 100 m) of unconsolidated alluvial sand and/or all resulting from rapid recent erosion inland, and coinciding with wave and current erosion. This class is typically associated with pocket beaches and beach ridges are quickly obliterated by wind action. Shorelines may be straight or irregular. This class grades into Cc with increasing slope.	
Bc	IRREGULAR PLAIN (Formerly till plain, Pt). Similar to Pt in broad relief - plains of less than 10 m elevation near the coast and slopes of less than 5° inland. This class is typically associated with pocket beaches and shallow bays. Medium to coarse sediments and irregular terrain prevail, such as related to moraine plains or strandlines. Stratified or progressively inclined surfaces are common. This class grades into Cc with increasing slope.	
Bc	INCLINED PLAIN: Plains of less than 10 m elevation near the coast and slopes typically less than 5-10°. Coupled with limited beach development and shallow nearshore. Fine to medium textured materials and smooth terrain prevail, such as related to moraine deposits on pediments. Load drainage is typically parallel and perpendicular to the coast.	
Bc	LEVEL PLAIN. Extensive deposits of marine and/or fluvial deposits of fine textured materials with low relief. This class is typically current near beach conditions. Backbeach is typically an almost zero relief plain with numerous shallow ponds, and possibly widely spaced low sandbars. Shores are typically indicated by beach ridges, but it is also common to find no beach whatever, just a smooth progression from land to sea. Typically, plain extends offshore with wide near-shore or tidal flats.	
Bc	ORGANIC PLAINS. A very low, often featureless plain or fringe of organic materials, usually associated with very sheltered waters. This class is typically associated with pocket beaches and shallow bays. Medium to coarse sediments and irregular terrain prevail, such as related to moraine plains or strandlines. Stratified or progressively inclined surfaces are common. This class grades into Cc with increasing slope.	
Bc	ROCK PLAINS. Rocky slopes of low elevation usually less than 10 m and slopes generally less than 5-10°. Patchy colluvial or marine veneer and pocket beaches and fans and intermitted to scattered narrow gravel beaches occur inland. reefs and shoals are common offshore.	
Bc	RIVER MOUTH AND FLUVIAL COMPLEXES - Includes features associated with river mouths: fans, deltas, estuaries, tidal flats, marshes, baymouth bars, spits, etc. Smaller fans grade into Pt, whereas larger fans grade into Cc.	
Bc	UNDIFFERENTIATED CLIFFS, HELLS OR PLAINS. In cases where imagery is poor and no field checks were made, it may be impossible to determine the sub-class.	
Bc	NARROWSHALF FLAT. Indicates the presence of a low-slope tidal or nearshore flat extending 200 to several hundreds of metres offshore. The flat may be composed of fine textured materials, and is typically associated with pocket beaches and shallow bays. Medium to coarse sediments and irregular terrain prevail, such as related to moraine plains or strandlines. Stratified or progressively inclined surfaces are common. This class grades into Cc with increasing slope.	
Bc	PLAINS WITH STEEP BACKSHORES (others than rock controlled). Forelands or plains consisting of unconsolidated sediments, usually of fine textured materials, which are eroded at the shoreline to produce narrow gravel backbeaches. This class grades into Cc with increasing slope.	

HUNTING AND TRAPPING

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